REV. JULY 8, 2014 MANUAL LETTER # 61-2014

### 468-000-301 CITIZENSHIP AND IDENTITY

### Primary Citizenship *and* Identity verified by one of the following:

- 1. U.S. Passport
- 2. Certificate of Naturalization (N-550 or N-570)
- 3. Certificate of Citizenship (N-560 or N-561)
- 4. Receipt of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) as shown on SDX interface
- 5. Receipt of Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) as shown on BDE interface
- 6. Documentation of child receiving foster care or adoption assistance payments under Title IV-B or IV-E
- 7. Eligibility of a newborn for Medicaid in the month of his/her birth
- 8. Entitlement to or enrollment in Medicare as shown on BDE interface
- 9. A document issued by a federally recognized Indian Tribe evidencing membership, enrollment in, or affiliation with such tribe. The document must identify the federally recognized Indian Tribe which issued it, identify the individual by name, and confirm the individual's membership, enrollment in, or affiliation with that Tribe. Some examples include Tribal enrollment and membership cards, a certificate of degree of Indian blood issued by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, a Tribal census document, or a document issued by a Tribe individual's affiliation with the Tribe.

Citizenship	Identity
(secondary list start at top)	(start at top)
<ul> <li>A U.S. public birth record showing birth in:</li> <li>one of the 50 U.S. States or Nebraska DHHS IM-22 proof of birth</li> <li>District of Columbia</li> <li>American Samoa</li> <li>Swain's Island (Puerto Rico if born on or after 1-13-1941)</li> <li>Virgin Islands of the U.S. (on or after 1-17-1917)</li> <li>Northern Mariana Islands (after 11-4- 1986)</li> <li>Guam (on or after 4-10-1899)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Any of the following identity documents in the Immigration and Nationality Act: <ul> <li>Driver's license issued by a U.S. State or Territory either with a photograph of the individual or other identifying information such as name, age, sex, race, height, weight or eye color.</li> <li>School identification card with a photograph of the individual</li> <li>U.S. military card or draft record</li> <li>Identification card issued by the Federal, State, or local government with the same information included on driver's licenses such as name, age, sex, race, height, weight, or eye color.</li> <li>Military dependent's identification card</li> <li>Native American Tribal document</li> <li>U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Mariner card.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

If none of the above are available, you must have one document from the Citizenship listing and one document from the Identity listing below.

## NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Citizenship	Identity
(secondary list cont.)	(cont.)
	Note: For children under 16, school records may include nursery or daycare records. If none of the above documents in the preceding charts are available, an affidavit may be used. An affidavit is only acceptable if it is signed under penalty of perjury by a parent or guardian stating the date and place of the birth of the child and cannot be used if an affidavit for citizenship was provided. The parent's signature on the HHSS application for assistance meets the requirement for this affidavit.
Certification of Report of Birth (DS-1350) issued by Department of State if born outside the U.S.	School record that shows date and place of birth and parent(s) name.
Consular Report of Birth Abroad of a Citizen of the United States of America (FS-240)	Clinic, doctor or hospital record showing date of birth
Certification of Birth Abroad (FS-545 or DS-1350)	Daycare or nursery school record showing date and place of birth
United States Citizen Identification Card (I-197) or the prior version I-179	Religious record (cradle roll, naming certificate, baptismal record, Amish or Mennonite bishop's letter)
Northern Mariana Card (I-873)	Life/health insurance policy for the child showing in addition to the child's name, the child's age or date of birth
American Indian Card (I-872)	
Final adoption decree showing the child's name and U.S. place of birth.	Certificate of Degree of Indian Blood, or other U.S. American Indian/Alaska Native tribal document. Must contain photograph of the applicant/recipient, or other personal identifying information relating to the individual.
Evidence of civil service employment by the U.S. government showing employment by the U.S. government before 6-1-1976.	
Official Military record of service showing a U.S. place of birth (for example a DD-214)	

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# Citizenship (start at top)

## (level 3 & 4 list to be used if no other Citizenship documents are available)

Extract of hospital record on hospital letterhead established at the time of the person's birth and was created at least 5 years before the initial application date and indicates a U.S. place of birth

Life or health or other insurance record showing a U.S. place of birth and was created at least 5 years before the initial application date

Federal or State census record showing U.S. citizenship or a U.S. place of birth (Generally for persons born 1900 through 1950)

Any of the following documents that were created at least 5 years before the application for Medicaid:

- Seneca Indian tribal census record
- Bureau of Indian Affairs tribal census records of the Navaho Indians
- U.S. State Vital Statistics official notification of birth registration
- An amended U.S. public birth record that is amended more than 5 years after the person's birth
- Statement signed by the physician or midwife who was in attendance at the time of birth

Institutional admission papers from a nursing home, skilled nursing care facility or other institution and was created at least 5 years before the initial application date and indicates a U.S. place of birth Medical (clinic, doctor, or hospital) record and was created at least 5 years before the initial application date and indicates a U.S. place of birth

Written Affidavit. Affidavits should ONLY be used in rare circumstances. An affidavit by at least 2 individuals of whom one is not related to the applicant/recipient and who have personal knowledge of the event establishing the applicant's or recipient's claim of citizenship. The person(s) making the affidavit must be able to provide proof of his/her own citizenship and identity for the affidavit to be accepted. If the affiant has information which explains why documentary evidence establishing the applicant's claim of citizenship does not exist or cannot be readily obtained, the affidavit should contain this information as well. It must also be signed under penalty of perjury by the person making the affidavit. A second affidavit from the applicant/recipient or other knowledgeable individual explaining why documentary evidence does not exist or cannot be readily obtained must also be requested.