

2025 NEBRASKA TICKBORNE DISEASE REPORT

NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (NDHHS)

VECTOR-BORNE DISEASE PROGRAM

MMWR WEEK 34 (Week Ending 8/23/2025)

All Data is Provisional





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Summary

- Tickborne Disease Cases
 - 69 tickborne disease cases have been reported in 2025
 - 21 cases have been hospitalized
 - 0 deaths due to tickborne diseases have been reported
- Tick Bite Tracker
 - Visit rates for tick bites dipped just below the historical average for the first time in 10 weeks
- Active Tick Surveillance
 - 2,665 total ticks have been collected in 2025
 - 34 sites have been sampled to date
 - 4 species identified





Credit: CDC, NCEZID-DVBD

NEBRASKA HUMAN TICKBORNE DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

Human Tickborne Disease Surveillance

Condition	2025	2024	
Alpha-Gal Syndrome	21	n/a	
Anaplasmosis	0	0	
Babesiosis	0	0	
Ehrlichiosis	16	17	
Lyme Disease	*	6	
Spotted Fever Group Rickettsioses	*	8	
Tularemia	19	27	

- Statewide number of tickborne disease cases reported to the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services (NDHHS)
 - All data is preliminary and subject to change as more information is gathered.
 - Reported cases only include lab confirmed and probable cases meeting <u>CSTE/CDC case definition</u>.
 - Spotted fever group rickettsioses includes Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (RMSF).



^{*}Data suppressed due to low numbers (1 - 5 cases).

Alpha-gal Syndrome



- Alpha-gal syndrome (AGS) is a serious, potentially lifethreatening allergic condition that can occur after the bite of a lone star tick.
- Symptoms generally occur 2-6 hours after people eat red meat or are exposed to other products made from mammals.
- Alpha-gal syndrome is now reportable in Nebraska. Cases are being monitored as of January 2025.
- AGS is diagnosed by allergist or healthcare provider through:
 - Detailed patient history
 - Physical exam
 - Blood test looking for antibodies to alpha-gal

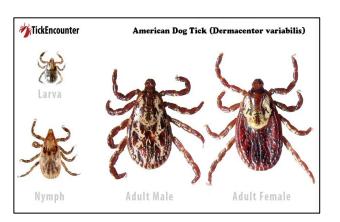
Learn more: https://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/Alpha-gal-Syndrome.aspx

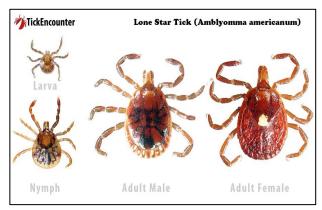


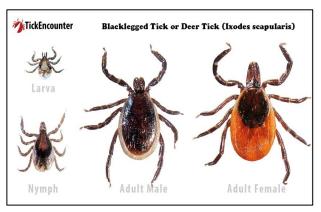


NEBRASKA TICK BITE DATA TRACKER

Credit: NDHHS Vector-Borne Disease Program,
Top Row- male (left) and female (right) Gulf Coast
ticks (*Amblyomma maculatum*), Bottom Row –
male (left) and female (right) American dog ticks
(*Dermacentor variabilis*)





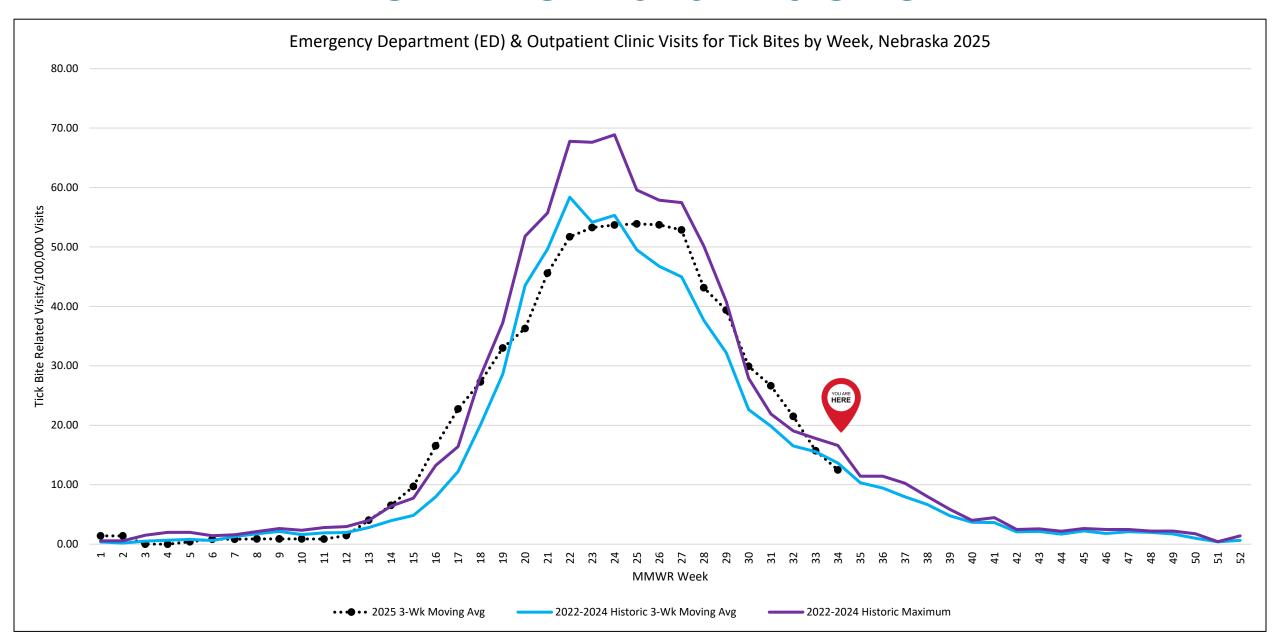


Tick Bite Data Tracker

- NDHHS utilizes syndromic surveillance data (ESSENCE) as an indicator for tick activity and tick bite risk.
 - Data comes from emergency departments and outpatient clinic visits.
 - Visits related to tick bites are detected via a query containing various spellings of the word "tick" or combination of "tick" and "bite".
 - Not all emergency departments and outpatient clinics report data to the NDHHS ESSENCE system and therefore results might not be generalizable to facilities not contributing data.
- The statewide 3-week average tick bite visit rate during MMWR week 34 was slightly below both the historic average and the historic maximum for this time of year.
- The 2025 MMWR week 34 tick bite visit rate was slightly higher (15.54 tick bite visits/100,000) compared to 2024 (12.49 tick bite visits/100,000)



Tick Bite Data Tracker





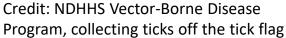
NEBRASKA ACTIVE TICK SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

Credit: NDHHS Vector-Borne Disease Program, active tick surveillance using tick flagging method

Active Tick Surveillance

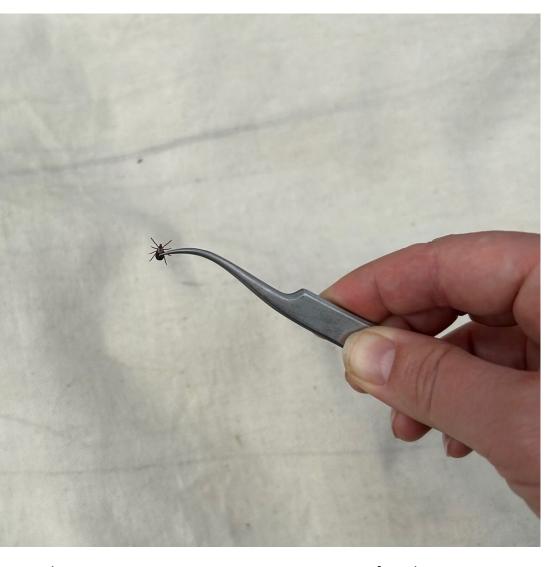


- NDHHS is partnering with 10 of the 19 local health departments and conduct active tick surveillance across the state in 2025
- NDHHS will conduct active tick surveillance at sites in the other local health jurisdictions
- Goals of active surveillance:
 - Classify county status of different tick species in Nebraska
 - Determine presence and prevalence of tickborne pathogens at the county level
 - Data used to provide evidence-based information to stakeholders on where and when people are at risk for exposure to ticks and tickborne pathogens
 - Help explain epidemiological trends of tickborne diseases





Active Tick Surveillance Results



- 22 counties surveyed
 - 34 total sites, 44 site visits
- 72,662 m² surveyed
- 2,665 total ticks collected
 - Collection Methods: Tick Flagging
- 4 species have been identified during 2025 surveys:
 - Lone star tick (Amblyomma americanum)*
 - American dog tick (Dermacentor variabilis)*
 - Blacklegged or deer tick (Ixodes scapularis)*
 - "Other" rabbit tick (Ixodes dentatus)

*Medically important ticks that can transmit pathogens to people

Credit: NDHHS Vector-Borne Disease Program, female American dog tick collected off tick drag



2025 Collected Ticks

Collected Ticks by Sex, 2025									
Species	Species Female Count Male Count Undeter								
Lone star tick (<i>Amblyomma americanum</i>)	360	418	932						
American dog tick (<i>Dermacentor variabilis</i>)	475	451	0						
Winter tick (<i>Dermacentor albipictus</i>)	0	0	0						
"Other" rabbit tick (<i>Ixodes dentatus</i>)	1	0	0						
Blacklegged or deer tick (Ixodes scapularis)	14	13	1						
Total	850	882	933						

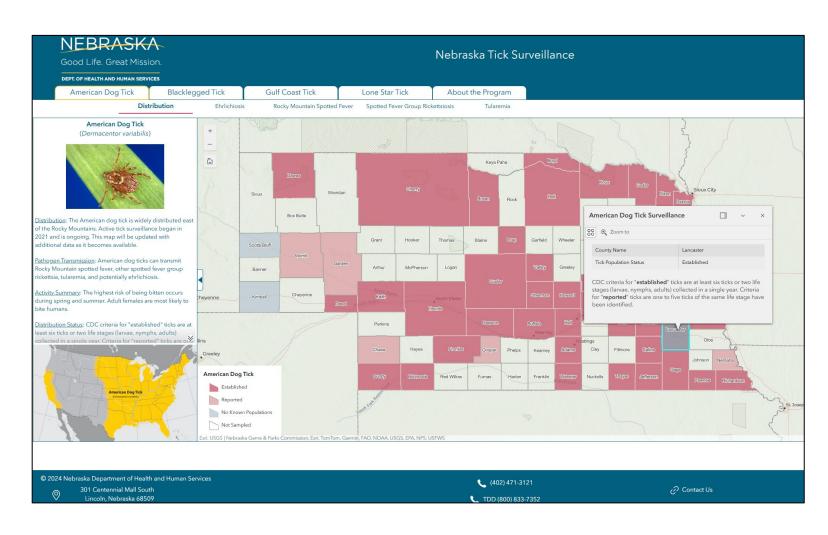
^{*}Sex was not determined for nymphal or larval ticks



2025 Collected Ticks

Tick Species C	Tick Species Counts by Life Stage, 2025									
Life Stage										
Species Adult Nymph Larvae Tot										
Lone star tick (Amblyomma americanum)	778	932	0	1710						
American dog tick (<i>Dermacentor variabilis</i>)	926	0	0	926						
Winter tick (Dermacentor albipictus)	0	0	0	0						
Rabbit tick (Haemaphysalis leporispalustris)	0	0	0	0						
"Other" rabbit tick (<i>Ixodes dentatus</i>)	1	0	0	1						
Blacklegged or deer tick (Ixodes scapularis)	27	1	0	28						
Total	1732	933	0	2665						

Nebraska Tick Surveillance Maps



Visit the link below to view current and historical tick surveillance data.

Data is updated yearly at the end of each surveillance season.

https://dhhs.ne.gov/TickMaps



2025 EPI WEEK CALENDAR

Months shown in RED are potential "Vector" months

JANUARY										
EPI Week # Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat										
1				1	2	3	4			
2	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
3	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25			
5	26	27	28	29	30	31				

JUNE										
EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat			
23	1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
24	8	9	10	11	12	13	14			
25	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
26	22	23	24	25	26	27	28			
27	29	30								

NOVEMBER										
EPI Week #	Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat									
44							1			
45	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
46	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
47	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
48	23	24	25	26	27	28	29			
49	30									

FEBRUARY										
EPI Week # Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat										
5							1			
6	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
8	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
9	23	24	25	26	27	28				

JULY									
EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat		
27			1	2	3	4	5		
28	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
29	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
30	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
31	27	28	29	30	31				

DECEMBER											
EPI Week#	EPI Week # Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat										
49		1	2	3	4	5	6				
50	7	8	9	10	11	12	13				
51	14	15	16	17	18	19	20				
52	21	22	23	24	25	26	27				
1	28	29	30	31							

MARCH									
EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat		
9							1		
10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
11	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
12	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
13	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
14	30	31							

	AUGUST									
	EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat		
]	31						1	2		
]	32	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	33	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
]	34	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
	35	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
]	36	31								

EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
31						1	2
32	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
33	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
34	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
35	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
36	31						

SEPTEMBER

Wed Thu

Fri

Sat

EPI Week # Sun Mon Tue

	probosc	is curved	
	proboscis longer than	1 (
	first femur		underside of
3	abdomen_	Mr.	subcosta with row of hairs
_	dark-scaled		
	tarsus entirely dark	(dark scales on outer third of

// Culiseta melanura

APRIL								
EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	
14			1	2	3	4	5	
15	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
16	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
17	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
18	27	28	29	30				

MAY									
EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat		
18					1	2	3		
19	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
20	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
21	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		
22	25	26	27	28	29	30	31		

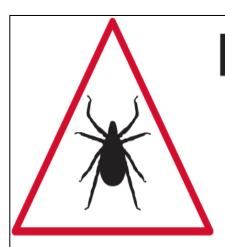
OCTOBER							
EPI Week #	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
40				1	2	3	4
41	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
42	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
43	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
44	26	27	28	29	30	31	

Credit: Central Massachusetts Mosquito Control Project: https://www.cmmcp.org/



Image: CDC PHIL

wing are slightly enlarged



PREVENT TICK BITES!

- WEAR REPELLENT
- CHECK FOR TICKS DAILY
- SHOWER SOON AFTER BEING OUTDOORS
- CALL YOUR DOCTOR IF YOU GET A FEVER OR RASH

Resources

Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services
 Tick-Borne Diseases Page:

https://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/Tick-Borne-Diseases.aspx

 University of Nebraska – Lincoln Tick Tag Go: https://ticktaggo.unl.edu/

CDC Tick Webpage: https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/index.html

 CDC Tick Bite Data Tracker: https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickedvisits/index.html

