SUMMARY REPORT

2024 SYNOPSES OF STATE DENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS

DATA FOR FY 2022-2023

Association of State and Territorial Dental Directors



June 2024

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Table of Contents

| Introduction | 2 |
|----------------------|---|
| Demographics | 2 |
| State Infrastructure | |
| Dental Workforce | |
| Administration | |
| Oral Health Programs | |

Introduction

This report summarizes the results of the 2024 Synopses of State Dental Public Health Programs (2024 Synopses); which represents the status of the state oral health program during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. Each January, the Association of State and Territorial Dental Directors (ASTDD) distributes the Synopses questionnaire to the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The purpose of the questionnaire is to obtain current information from each state on demographic, infrastructure, workforce, and administrative factors that impact the state's oral health program. In addition, each state is asked to provide detailed information on the services they provide to their constituents. State specific information from the 2024 Synopses is available in a comprehensive report posted on the member's only section of the ASTDD website (www.astdd.org). The 2024 Synopses questionnaire was returned by 48 states plus the District of Columbia. New York did not return the questionnaire and Wyoming did not have an oral health program during FY 2022-2023.

Demographics

Each age and income group have unique oral health needs. To plan a comprehensive program that serves all population groups, oral health program staff must understand the demographics of their state. The following tables present information on the number of states by the percent of their overall population that is 65 years or older or 0-19 years of age.

Seniors - Percentage of Population Aged 65 Years and Older (2022)

| Percent of Population > 65 | Number of States | Percent of States |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 15.0% | 4 | 7.8% |
| 15.0 – 16.9% | 9 | 17.6% |
| 17.0 – 18.9% | 24 | 47.1% |
| 19.0 – 20.9% | 8 | 15.7% |
| <u>> 21.0%</u> | 6 | 11.8% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation, https://www.kff.org/other/state-indicator/distribution-by-age/

Children – 0 to 18 Years (2022)

| Percent of Population 0-17 | Number of States | Percent of States |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 20.0% | 4 | 7.8% |
| 20.0 – 21.9% | 10 | 19.6% |
| 22.0 – 23.9% | 21 | 41.2% |
| 24.0 – 25.9% | 14 | 27.5% |
| ≥ 26.0% | 2 | 3.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: Kaiser Family Foundation, https://www.kff.org/other/state-indicator/distribution-by-age/

It is well documented that low-income individuals have more oral health problems compared to higher income individuals. The following tables present information by various measures of poverty. Title XIX Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) provide medical and dental coverage to low-income children.

Title XIX Medicaid Children (Number ever enrolled, FFY 2021)

| Number of Children | Number of States | Percent of States |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 100,000 | 6 | 11.8% |
| 100,000 – 249,999 | 10 | 19.6% |
| 250,000 – 499,999 | 9 | 17.6% |
| 500,000 – 749,999 | 12 | 23.5% |
| 750,000 – 999,999 | 4 | 7.8% |
| ≥ 1,000,000 | 10 | 19.6% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: https://www.medicaid.gov/chip/downloads/fy-2021-childrens-enrollment-report.pdf

CHIP Children (Number ever enrolled, FFY 2021)

| Number of Children | Number of States | Percent of States |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 10,000 | 5 | 9.8% |
| 10,000 – 19,999 | 4 | 7.8% |
| 20,000 – 39,999 | 8 | 15.7% |
| 40,000 – 49,999 | 1 | 2.0% |
| 50,000 – 99,999 | 10 | 19.6% |
| 100,000 – 499,999 | 20 | 39.2% |
| ≥ 500,000 | 3 | 5.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: https://www.medicaid.gov/chip/downloads/fy-2021-childrens-enrollment-report.pdf

The National School Lunch Program is a federally assisted meal program operating in public and nonprofit private schools and residential childcare institutions. It provides nutritionally balanced, low-cost (reduced price) or free lunches to children each school day. The program was established in 1946 under the National School Lunch Act. To be eligible for free lunches a child's family must be at or below 130% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) while the upper income for reduced price lunches is 185% of FPL.

Percentage of Children Receiving Free or Reduced-Price School Lunches (2022-2023)

| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Percent of Children | Number of States | Percent of States |
| < 40.0% | 14 | 27.5% |
| 40.0 – 49.9% | 13 | 25.5% |
| 50.0 – 59.9% | 14 | 27.5% |
| 60.0 – 69.9% | 6 | 11.8% |
| <u>></u> 70% | 4 | 7.8% |

Source: National Center for Education Statistics, https://nces.ed.gov/programs/digest/d20/tables/dt20 204.10.asp

Demographics

As previously mentioned, low-income individuals have more oral health problems compared to higher income individuals. The percent of children living in households at or below 125% and 200% of Federal Poverty Level (FPL) are common indicators used to describe the socioeconomic status of a state.

Children under 18 in families earning less than 125% of FPL (2022)

| Percent of Children | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 15.0% | 13 | 25.5% |
| 15.0 – 19.9% | 21 | 41.2% |
| 20.0 – 24.9% | 9 | 17.6% |
| 25.0 – 29.9% | 6 | 11.8% |
| <u>></u> 30.0% | 2 | 3.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: U.S. Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement, POV-11: Poverty Status by State: 2022,

https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/demo/income-poverty/cps-pov/pov-11.html

Children under 18 Years of Age who are at or below 200% of FPL (2021)

| Percent of Children | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 20.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 20.0 – 29.9% | 19 | 37.3% |
| 30.0 – 39.9% | 21 | 41.2% |
| 40.0 – 49.9% | 8 | 15.7% |
| ≥ 50.0% | 3 | 5.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: US Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement, POV-11, https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/demo/health-insurance/acs-hi.html

Children under 19 at or Below 200% FPL without Health Insurance (2021)

| Percent of Children | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 1.0% | 4 | 7.8% |
| 1.0 – 1.9% | 18 | 35.3% |
| 2.0 – 2.9% | 18 | 35.3% |
| 3.0 – 3.9% | 8 | 15.7% |
| 4.0 – 4.9% | 2 | 3.9% |
| ≥ 5.0% | 1 | 2.0% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, Table HI-10 ACS,

https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/demo/health-insurance/acs-hi.html

State Infrastructure

When planning community programs, it is essential that oral health program staff know and understand their state's infrastructure. Especially important to oral health is community water fluoridation.

Percentage of Population Served by Community Water Fluoridation (2020)

| Percentage of Population | Number of States | Percent of States |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 25.0% | 2 | 3.9% |
| 25.0 – 49.9% | 6 | 11.8% |
| 50.0 – 74.9% | 15 | 29.4% |
| <u>></u> 75.0% | 28 | 54.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, https://www.cdc.gov/fluoridation/php/statistics/2020-water-fluoridation-statistics.html#cdc generic section 2-2020-state-fluoridation-percentage-calculations-and-ranking

States are not mandated to provide dental benefits to adults through Medicaid. The following table lists the percent of states that provide dental benefits to adults who are eligible for Medicaid.

Percentage of States with Medicaid Adult Dental Benefits (September 2019)

| Type of Benefit | Number of States | Percent of States |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| None | 2 | 3.9% |
| Under Development | 2 | 3.9% |
| Emergency Only | 12 | 23.5% |
| Limited | 16 | 31.4% |
| Extensive | 19 | 37.3% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: Center for Health Care Strategies, https://www.chcs.org/media/Adult-Oral-Health-Fact-Sheet 091519.pdf

Dental Workforce

Dentist-to-population and hygienist-to-population ratios are commonly used indicators of dental workforce and access to dental professionals. The following two tables provide information on the dentist and hygienist to population ratios. Please note that these ratios are based on the number of dental professionals living in the state rather than those licensed to practice in the state.

Active Dentists to Population Ratio

| Dentist to Population Ratio | Number of States | Percent of States |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 1,500 | 12 | 23.5% |
| 1,500 – 1,999 | 25 | 49.0% |
| 2,000 – 2,499 | 14 | 27.5% |
| ≥ 2,500 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Not Reported | 0 | 0.0% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: https://www.ada.org/resources/research/health-policy-institute/dentist-workforce

Dental Hygienists Living in State to Population Ratio

| RDH to Population Ratio | Number of States | Percent of States | |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| < 1,500 | 19 | 37.3% | |
| 1,500 – 1,999 | 10 | 19.6% | |
| 2,000 – 2,499 | 3 | 5.9% | |
| ≥ 2,500 | 0 | 0.0% | |
| Not Reported | 19 | 37.3% | |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Administration

The following tables provide information on the administration, staffing and budgeting of state oral health programs. Please note that some states operate or hire staff for local or regional dental clinics so some of the staff identified in these tables may be clinical.

Dental Director's Years of Service

| Years of Service | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 1 year | 6 | 11.8% |
| 1 – 4 years | 15 | 29.4% |
| 5 – 9 years | 16 | 31.4% |
| 10 – 14 years | 5 | 9.8% |
| ≥ 15 years | 2 | 3.9% |
| Not Reported / Vacant / No SOHP | 7 | 13.7% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Dental Director is Full-Time Position

| Full-Time Position | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| No | 1 | 2.0% |
| Yes | 47 | 92.2% |
| Not Reported / Vacant / No SOHP | 3 | 5.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Percentage of Dental Director's Time Devoted to Medicaid/SCHIP Issues

| Percentage of Time | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | 11 | 21.6% |
| 1.0 – 9.9% | 10 | 19.6% |
| 10.0 – 19.9% | 12 | 23.5% |
| 20.0 – 29.9% | 7 | 13.7% |
| ≥ 30% | 8 | 15.7% |
| Not Reported / Vacant / No SOHP | 3 | 5.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Percentage of Dental Director's Time Paid by Medicaid/SCHIP

| Percentage of Time | Number of States | Percent of States |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | 35 | 68.6% |
| 10 – 49% | 6 | 11.8% |
| 50 – 100% | 6 | 11.8% |
| Not Reported / Vacant / No SOHP | 4 | 7.8% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Number of FTE Employees Working in State Programs (Rounded)

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|--|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Number of FTEs | Number of States | Percent of States | |
| < 2 | 7 | 13.7% | |
| 2-3 | 9 | 17.7% | |
| 4-5 | 8 | 15.7% | |
| 6-8 | 12 | 23.5% | |
| 9 – 10 | 2 | 3.9% | |
| 11 – 20 | 6 | 11.8% | |
| ≥ 21 | 4 | 7.8% | |
| Not Reported / No SOHP | 3 | 5.9% | |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Number of FTE Contractors Funded by State Program (Rounded)

| Number of FTEs | Number of States | Percent of States |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| < 2 | 34 | 66.7% |
| 2 – 3 | 3 | 5.9% |
| 4 – 5 | 3 | 5.9% |
| 6 – 10 | 4 | 7.8% |
| 11 – 20 | 2 | 3.9% |
| <u>≥</u> 21 | 5 | 9.8% |
| Not Reported / No SOHP | 34 | 66.7% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Number of FTE Employees and Contractors Working for or Funded by State

| Number of FTEs | Number of States | Percent of States |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 0 – 2 | 9 | 17.7% |
| 3 – 4 | 9 | 17.7% |
| 5-6 | 9 | 17.7% |
| 7 – 9 | 6 | 11.8% |
| 10 – 19 | 11 | 21.6% |
| 20 – 49 | 2 | 3.9% |
| ≥ 50 | 2 | 3.9% |
| Not Reported / No SOHP | 3 | 5.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Funding Sources - Percentage of Budget from Each Source (Rounded)

| % of Budget | Funding Source (Percent of States) | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|
| from Source | Medicaid | Other State | МСНВ | Other HRSA | CDC | Other |
| 0 | 64.7% | 0.0% | 47.1% | 33.3% | 45.1% | 68.6% |
| 1 – 24% | 15.7% | 25.0% | 27.5% | 39.2% | 17.7% | 21.6% |
| 25 – 49% | 7.8% | 25.0% | 11.8% | 13.7% | 17.7% | 2.0% |
| 50 – 74% | 3.9% | 17.5% | 3.9% | 2.0% | 7.8% | 2.0% |
| 75 – 100% | 2.0% | 25.0% | 3.9% | 5.9% | 5.9% | 0.0% |
| Not Reported | 5.9% | 7.5% | 5.9% | 5.9% | 5.9% | 5.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

NOTE: Of the 48 states that provided information on source of funding, 15 (29%) reported receiving 75-100% of their funding from just one of the following sources: Medicaid, non-Medicaid State, HRSA, and CDC. Seven states (14%) received \geq 75% of their funding from non-Medicaid state funds while 6 states (12%) and 1 state (2%) reported receiving \geq 75% of their funding from HRSA (MCHBG plus other HRSA funds) and CDC sources respectively.

Overall Budget Change as Compared to Prior Year

| Change in Overall Budget | Number of States | Percent of States | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Decreased | 5 | 9.8% | | |
| Increased | 21 | 41.2% | | |
| Same | 20 | 39.2% | | |
| Not Reported / No SOHP | 5 | 9.8% | | |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia

Number (%) of States that Reported a Decrease or Increase in Funding Source

| Funding Source | Decreased | Increased | Same | TOTAL REPORTING |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------------------|
| State – Medicaid | 1 | 3 | 11 | 15 |
| State – Medicald | 6.7% | 20.0% | 73.3% | 15 |
| State – General Funds | 2 | 14 | 19 | 35 |
| State - General Funds | 5.7% | 40.0% | 54.3% | 33 |
| State – Tobacco Tax | 0 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| State - Tobacco Tax | 0.0% | 16.7% | 83.3% | В |
| State – SSB Tax | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| State - 33b Tax | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% | 4 |
| State – Other | 1 | 4 | 9 | 14 |
| State - Other | 7.1% | 28.6% | 64.3% | 14 |
| HRSA – MCHBG | 3 | 5 | 19 | 27 |
| TIKSA – WICHBO | 11.1% | 18.5% | 70.4% | |
| HRSA – OHWA | 2 | 9 | 19 | 30 |
| TIKSA – OTTVA | 6.7% | 30.0% | 63.3% | 30 |
| HRSA – Other | 2 | 2 | 7 | 11 |
| HRSA – Other | 18.2% | 18.2% | 63.6% | 11 |
| CDC – PHHSBG | 5 | 2 | 12 | 19 |
| CDC - PHH3BG | 26.3% | 10.5% | 63.2% | 19 |
| CDC – DOH | 0 | 3 | 16 | 19 |
| CDC - DOFI | 0.0% | 15.8 | 84.2 | 19 |

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Budget Range – Number of States within Each Budget Category

| 81 | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Budget Category | Number of States | Percent of States | | |
| No SOHP in 2022-2023 | 1 | 2.0% | | |
| Less than \$100,000 | 3 | 5.9% | | |
| \$100,000 to \$250,000 | 1 | 2.0% | | |
| \$250,001 to \$500,000 | 4 | 7.8% | | |
| \$500,001 to \$999,999 | 10 | 19.6% | | |
| \$1 million or more | 29 | 56.9% | | |
| Not Reported | 3 | 5.9% | | |

Source: State Synopses Questionnaire

Range: \$0 to \$47,843,000 (NOTE: Two states reported having a SOHP with a budget of \$0.00)

Mean (for reporting states with SOHP): \$3,501,286

Median (for reporting states with SOHP): \$1,235,999

Oral Health Programs

State oral health programs offer a variety of different services to their constituents. The following table provides information on the percent of states that offered specific oral health services funded, managed, or operated by the state during the fiscal year.

Percentage of States with Specific Oral Health Services

| Program | Has Program | No Program | Not Reported or No SOHP |
|---|----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Access to Care Program | 43.1% | 52.9% | 3.9% |
| Dental Screening Program | 70.6% | 25.5% | 3.9% |
| Fluoride Varnish Program | 64.7% | 29.4% | 5.9% |
| Silver Diamine Fluoride Program | 17.7% | 78.4% | 3.9% |
| Oral Health Literacy/Education Program | 68.6% | 27.5% | 3.9% |
| Basic Screening Survey | 45.1% | 49.0% | 5.9% |
| Programs for Preschool Children | 39.2% | 56.9% | 3.9% |
| Programs for Elementary School Children | 60.8% | 35.3% | 3.9% |
| Programs for Adolescents | 29.4% | 66.7% | 3.9% |
| Programs for Children Special Health Care Needs | 33.3% | 62.8% | 3.9% |
| Programs for Pregnant Women | 37.3% | 58.8% | 3.9% |
| Programs for Adults 18-64 Years | 13.7% | 82.4% | 3.9% |
| Programs for Older Adults | 27.5% | 68.6% | 3.9% |
| Infection Control & Prevention Programs | 52.9% | 43.1% | 3.9% |

Includes all states and the District of Columbia