

Occupational Health Profile, 2008–2012

Sarpy/Cass Department of Health and Wellness

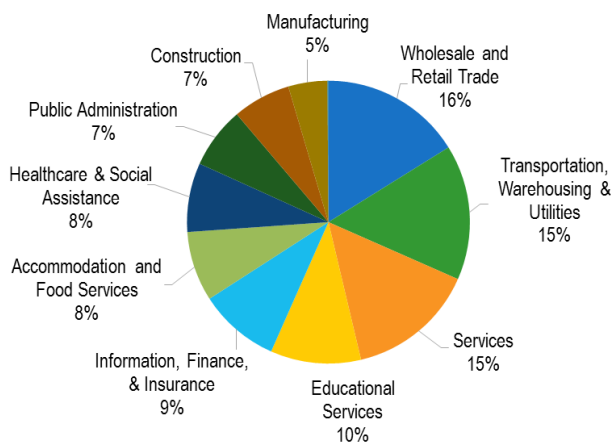
WORK AND PUBLIC HEALTH

- Work is one the most important determinants of a persons' health.
- A safe and healthy workforce benefits Nebraska's overall health and economy.
- The Nebraska Occupational Safety and Health Surveillance Program tracks work-related injuries, illnesses and hazards.
- Occupational health surveillance helps identify worker health trends, detect emerging hazards, and develop prevention strategies with the goal of reducing work-related injuries and illnesses.

WORKFORCE

- In 2012, there were 93,454 employed persons residing in the Sarpy/Cass Department of Health and Wellness district. ¹
- The wholesale and retail trade industry employed 16% of workers and was the largest employing sector. ²

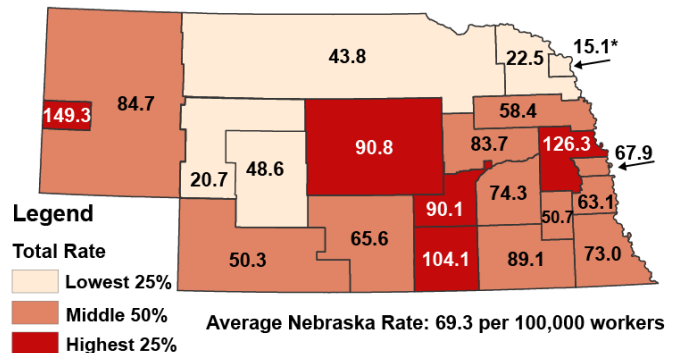
Distribution of LHD workforce by industry, 2012 ²



*LHD=Local Health Department

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Average rate of work-related inpatient hospitalizations per 100,000 workers, LHD regions, 2008–2012 ³



* Rate does not reflect patients treated in out-of-state hospitals

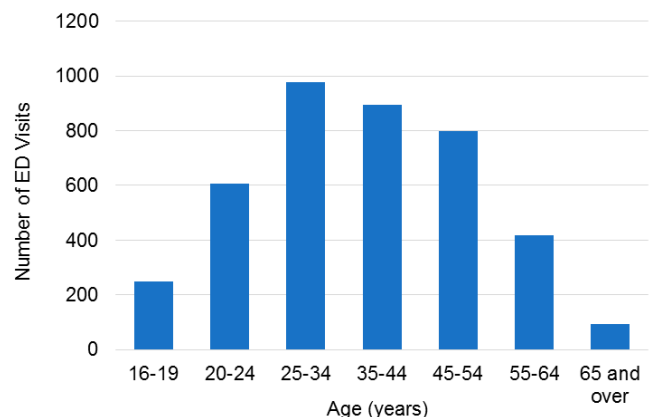
INPATIENT HOSPITALIZATIONS

- From 2008 to 2012, there were 286 inpatient hospitalizations due to work-related injury or illness. ³
- The work-related inpatient hospitalization rate was 63.1 per 100,000 workers and was lower than the overall Nebraska rate of 69.3. ³

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

- From 2008 to 2012, there were 4,038 emergency department visits due to work-related injury or illness. ⁴
- The average work-related emergency department (ED) visit rate was 890.3 cases per 100,000 workers and was higher than the overall Nebraska rate of 716.2. ⁴
- Workers aged 25-34 years old experienced the most work-related ED visits. ⁴

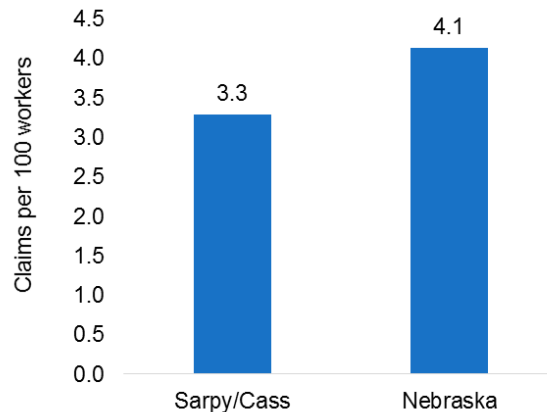
Work-related ED visits by age group, LHD, 2008–2012 ⁴



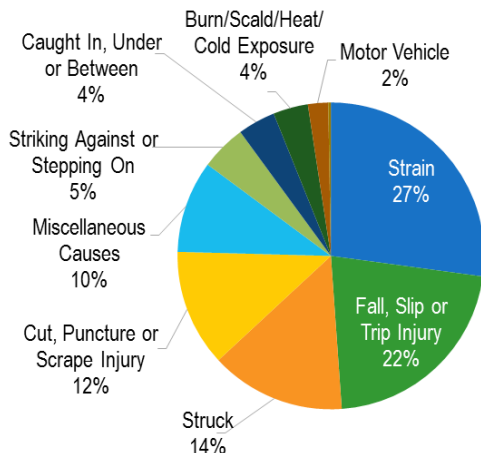
WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIMS

- From 2008 to 2012, there were 14,928 injuries and illnesses reported to workers' compensation. ⁵
- The workers' compensation claim rate was 3.3 claims per 100 workers, which was lower than the overall Nebraska rate of 4.1. ⁵
- Strains were the most common cause of injury, representing 27% workers' compensation claims. ⁵
- The most common types of injuries/illnesses reported were strain, contusion, and laceration. ⁵

Average workers' compensation claim rate, LHD and Nebraska, 2008–2012 ⁵



Percent of LHD workers' compensation claims by cause of injury, 2008–2012 ⁵



Top 10 types of injury among LHD workers' compensation claims, Nebraska, 2008–2012 ⁵

Type of Injury	Number	Percent
Strain	4,342	29.1
Contusion	2,467	16.5
Laceration	2,128	14.3
Sprain	1,145	7.7
Specific Injuries-not classifiable	956	6.4
Puncture	620	4.2
Fracture	516	3.5
Foreign Body	420	2.8
Burn	361	2.4
Inflammation	320	2.1

REFERENCES

1. Nebraska Department of Labor. Employer Quarterly Unemployment Insurance Data, 2012 4th Quarter Averages.
2. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, 2012.
3. Nebraska Hospital Association. Nebraska Hospital Discharge Data, Inpatient Hospitalizations, 2008-2012.
4. Nebraska Hospital Association. Nebraska Hospital Discharge Data, Emergency Department Visits, 2008-2012.
5. Nebraska Workers' Compensation Court, Claims Data.



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OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH RESOURCES

- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>
- State-based Occupational Health Surveillance Clearinghouse
<http://wwwn.cdc.gov/niosh-survapps/statedocs/>
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
<http://www.osha.gov>
- Nebraska Safety Council
<https://www.nesafetycouncil.org/>
- Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE)
<http://www.cste.org/group/OHOverview>.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

- Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services
Occupational Safety and Health Surveillance Program
Phone: 402-471-2822
www.dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/occhealth/