

Estimated Minimum Number of Hospitalizations and Hospitalization Rate for All Heart Disease, Coronary Heart Disease, and Heart Failure, Among Nebraska Residents by Age, Gender, and Urban/Rural, 2010

	All Heart Disease ^a		Coronary Heart Disease ^b		Heart Failure ^c	
	N*	Rate**	N*	Rate**	N*	Rate**
Overall	17,663	87.0	6,341	31.5	4,329	20.7
Gender						
Female	7,971	69.4	2,272	20.5	2,143	17.5
Male	9,692	107.8	4,069	44.1	2,186	25.3
Age***						
≤ 24	116	1.8	2	0.0	15	0.2
25-44	736	15.8	251	5.4	90	1.9
45-64	4,888	103.6	2,336	49.5	700	14.8
65+	11,923	483.3	3,752	152.1	3,524	142.9
Urban/Rural [^]						
Metropolitan	8,865	88.6	3,109	30.6	2,156	21.8
Micropolitan	4,041	92.2	1,518	35.4	959	20.9
Rural	4,757	80.0	1,714	30.3	1214	18.6

a. Includes ICD-9 codes 390-398, 402, 404, 410-429 listed as the primary cause of hospitalization

b. Includes ICD-9 codes 410-414, 429.2 listed as the primary cause of hospitalization

c. Includes ICD-9 code 428 listed as the primary cause of hospitalization

*Estimated minimum number of hospitalizations for Nebraska residents treated in acute care hospitals in Nebraska

**Age-adjusted rate per 10,000 population

***Age-specific rates per 10,000 population

[^]Metropolitan indicates a county with a city with more than 50,000 population or is a Metropolitan outlying county

[^]Micropolitan indicates a non-metropolitan county that has a city with more than 10,000 residents

[^]Rural indicates a non-metropolitan or micropolitan county with the largest city being fewer than 10,000 residents

Note: these data are estimated because they are approximately 99% complete.