

INJURY REPORT, 1999-2003

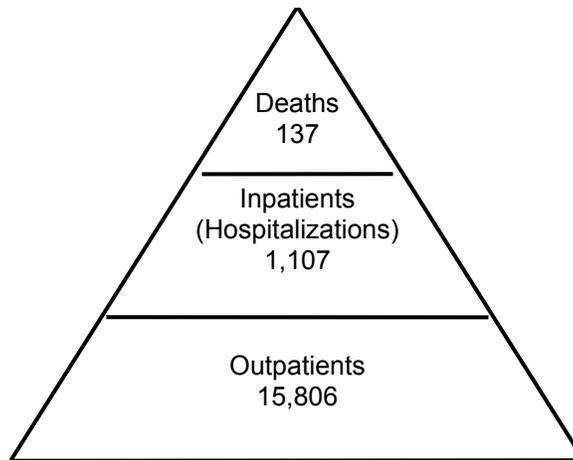
Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area

Perkins, Chase, Hayes, Frontier, Dundy, Hitchcock, Red Willow, and Furnas Counties

Summary

Injury is a public health problem in the Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department (SNPHD) coverage area. Overall, injury is the fourth leading cause of death (*Table D1*). From 1999-2003, in addition to over 137 injury deaths, more than 1,000 residents in Perkins, Chase, Hayes, Frontier, Dundy, Hitchcock, Red Willow, and Furnas Counties were hospitalized and more than 15,800 residents were treated at hospitals for injuries (*Figure A*). Overall, motor vehicle crashes were the leading cause of injury death. Suicide was second, followed by falls. In contrast to deaths, falls were the leading cause of injury-related hospital discharge and struck by/against injuries were second, followed by cutting/piercing, overexertion and motor vehicle crashes.

Figure A: Injury Pyramid, Residents of Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003



The pattern of injury varied by age and gender. Injury had a greater impact on children and young adults. Of all deaths among those age 10-29, most were due to injuries. Therefore, more years of potential life were lost due to injuries. Males were more likely to die from an injury than females.

The following table highlights the SNPHD coverage area's progress towards the 2010 Nebraska Health Goals and Objectives related to deaths due to unintentional injuries and motor vehicle crashes (*Table A*).

Table A: Injury Death Rates, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 2003

Death	Age-adjusted Rate 2003	2010 Nebraska Objective (rate per 100,000 population)
Unintentional Injury	46.3	19.4
Fall	*	3.5
Motor Vehicle Crash	23.6	12
Suicide	*	8.2
Homicide	*	2

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 2003

* Fewer than five deaths

Injury Deaths

Overall

- From 1999 to 2003, injuries, including unintentional and intentional, were the fourth leading cause of death in the counties served by the SNPHD (*Table D1*).

Table D1: Five Leading Causes of Death, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003

Rank	Cause	Total Number of Death
1	Heart Disease	569
2	Cancer	437
3	Stroke	169
4	Injury	129
5	Chronic Lung Disease	114

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

- An average of 26 residents died because of injury each year in the SNPHD coverage area (*Table D2*).
- Deaths due to injury made up 6.3% of total deaths, compared to 6% of deaths in Nebraska. In the SNPHD area, among 10-14 year olds, 78% of deaths were due to injuries and among 15-19 year olds, 75% of deaths were due to injuries (*Table D2*).

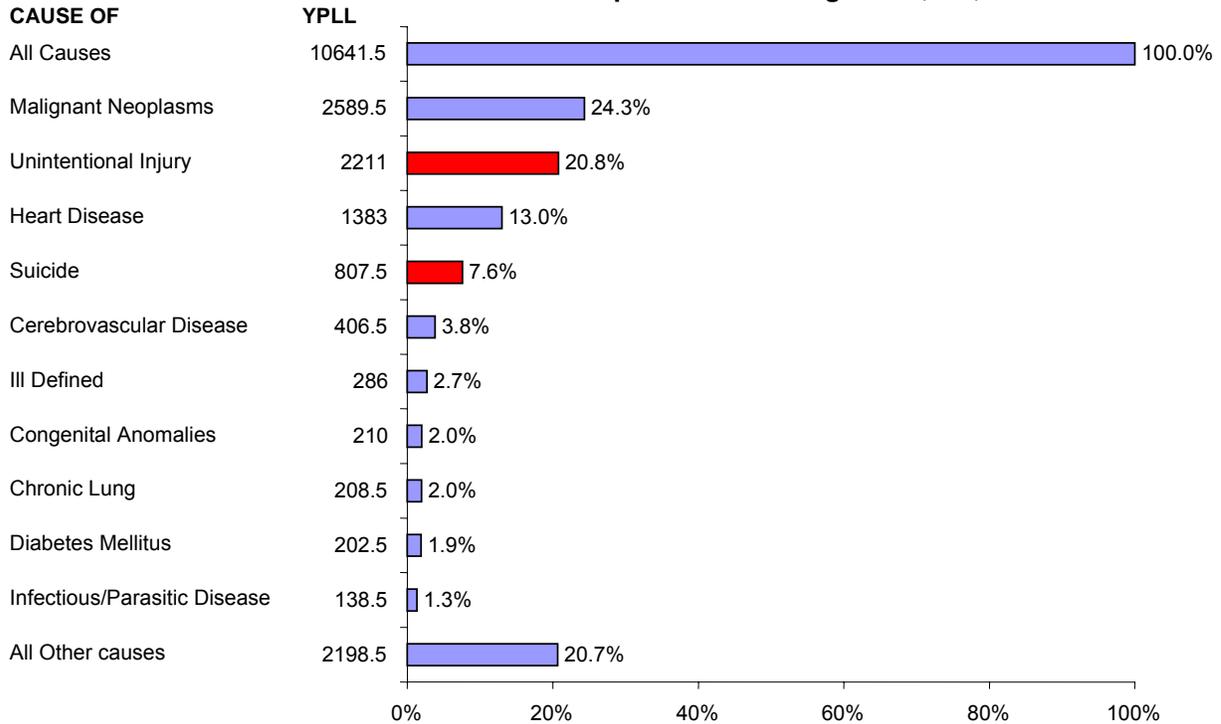
Table D2: Injury Deaths as a Percent of All Deaths by Age, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003

Age Group	Injury Deaths	Annual Average Injury Deaths	All Deaths	Percent of Death due to Injury
<1	0	0	7	0.0
1-4	0	0	0	0.0
5-9	0	0	1	0.0
10-14	7	1	9	77.8
15-19	9	2	12	75.0
20-24	9	2	13	69.2
25-29	6	1	9	66.7
30-34	4	1	10	40.0
35-39	7	1	13	53.8
40-44	5	1	23	21.7
45-49	10	2	30	33.3
50-54	8	2	39	20.5
55-59	6	1	65	9.2
60-64	6	1	88	6.8
65-74	11	2	328	3.4
75-84	18	4	587	3.1
85+	23	5	828	2.8
Total	129	26	2,062	6.3

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

- Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) from unintentional injury ranked second (20.8%), following those from cancer (24.3%). Suicide ranked 4th at 7.6% (*Figure D1*).

**Figure D1: Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) before Age 75 by Cause of Death,
Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003**



- The SNPHD had a higher unintentional injury rate (48.1 per 100,000) and suicide rate (17.3 per 100,000) than Nebraska rates (33.3 and 10.6 per 100,000 respectively) (Table D3).

**Table D3: Injury Deaths, Percentage, and Age-adjusted Rates,
Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003**

Intent	Male			Female			Total			State		
	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate
Unintentional	49	64.5	56.2	52	85.2	40.4	101	73.7	48.1	3,020	68.3	33.3
Suicide	21	27.6	27.7	6	9.8	7.3	27	19.7	17.3	894	20.2	10.6
Homicide	1	1.3	*	0	0.0	*	1	0.7	*	273	6.2	3.2
Undetermined	4	5.3	*	3	4.9	*	7	5.1	4.2	139	3.1	1.6
Adverse Effects	1	1.3	*	0	0.0	*	1	0.7	*	93	2.1	1.0
Total	76	100.0	91.8	61	100.0	51.3	137	100.0	71.1	4,419	100.0	48.9

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

* Fewer than five deaths

- More males (55.5%) died from all injury-related causes than females (44.5%) (Table D4).

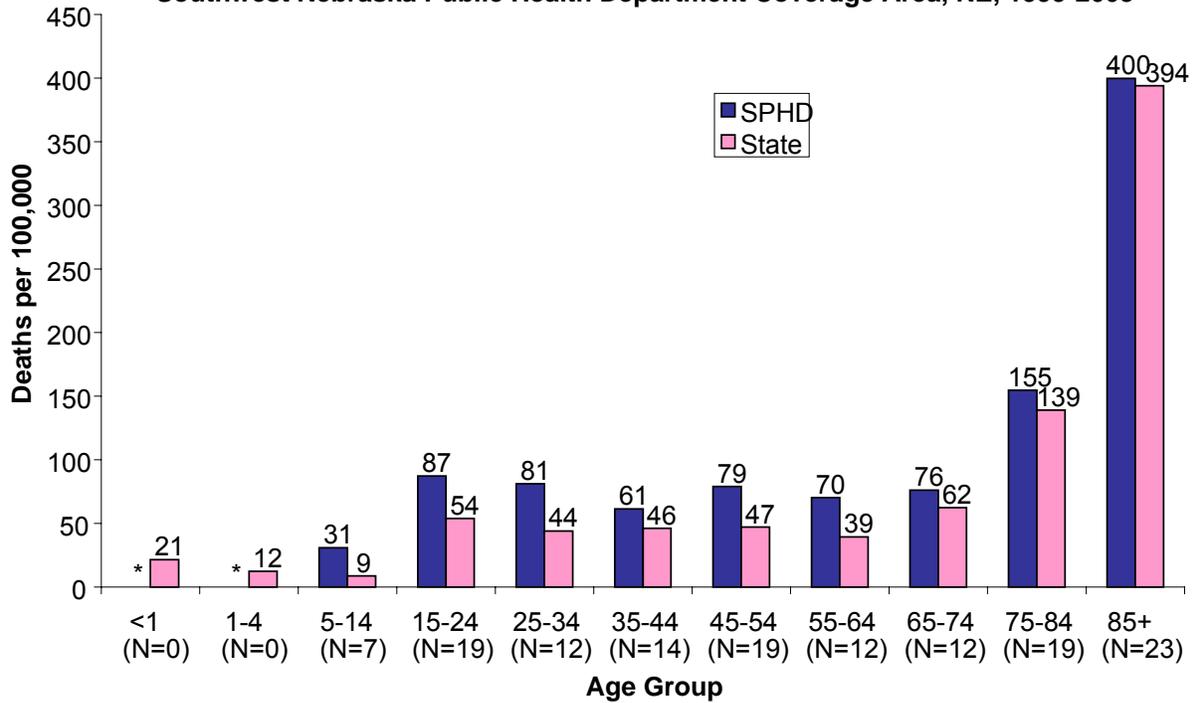
Table D4: Injury-related Deaths and Hospital Discharges by Gender, Age, and Race, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003

	Southwest NE Public HD				State			
	Deaths		Hospital Discharges		Deaths		Hospital Discharges	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Gender								
Male	76	55.5	8,802	52.0	2,848	64.3	386,563	53.1
Female	61	44.5	8,111	48.0	1,581	35.7	341,506	46.9
Total	137	100.0	16,913	100.0	4,429	100.0	728,069	100.0
Age								
<1	0	0.0	123	0.7	26	0.6	7,142	1.0
1-4	0	0.0	1,055	6.2	58	1.3	59,764	8.2
5-14	7	5.1	2,836	16.8	107	2.4	122,382	16.8
15-24	19	13.9	3,441	20.4	699	15.8	144,001	19.8
25-34	12	8.8	1,231	7.3	486	11.0	84,574	11.6
35-44	14	10.2	1,403	8.3	593	13.4	84,445	11.6
45-54	19	13.9	1,287	7.6	547	12.4	66,321	9.1
55-64	12	8.8	946	5.6	292	6.6	39,540	5.4
65-74	12	8.8	1,556	9.2	355	8.0	40,555	5.6
75-84	19	13.9	1,644	9.7	575	13.0	45,135	6.2
85+	23	16.8	1,391	8.2	691	15.6	34,222	4.7
Total	137	100.0	16,913	100.0	4,429	100.0	728,081	100.0
Race								
Asian	0	0.0			29	0.7		
African American	0	0.0			194	4.4		
Native American	2	1.5			72	1.6		
White	134	97.8			4,123	93.1		
Other	1	0.7			11	0.3		
Total	137	100.0			4,429	100.0		

Note: Hospital discharges include hospital inpatients, outpatients, and ER visits.

- Injury death rates were the highest for the oldest age groups, 75 and older. Persons age 85 and older had an injury death rate of 400 per 100,000 compared to the Nebraska rate of 394 per 100,000 (*Figure D2*).

**Figure D2: All Injury Death Rates by Age,
Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003**



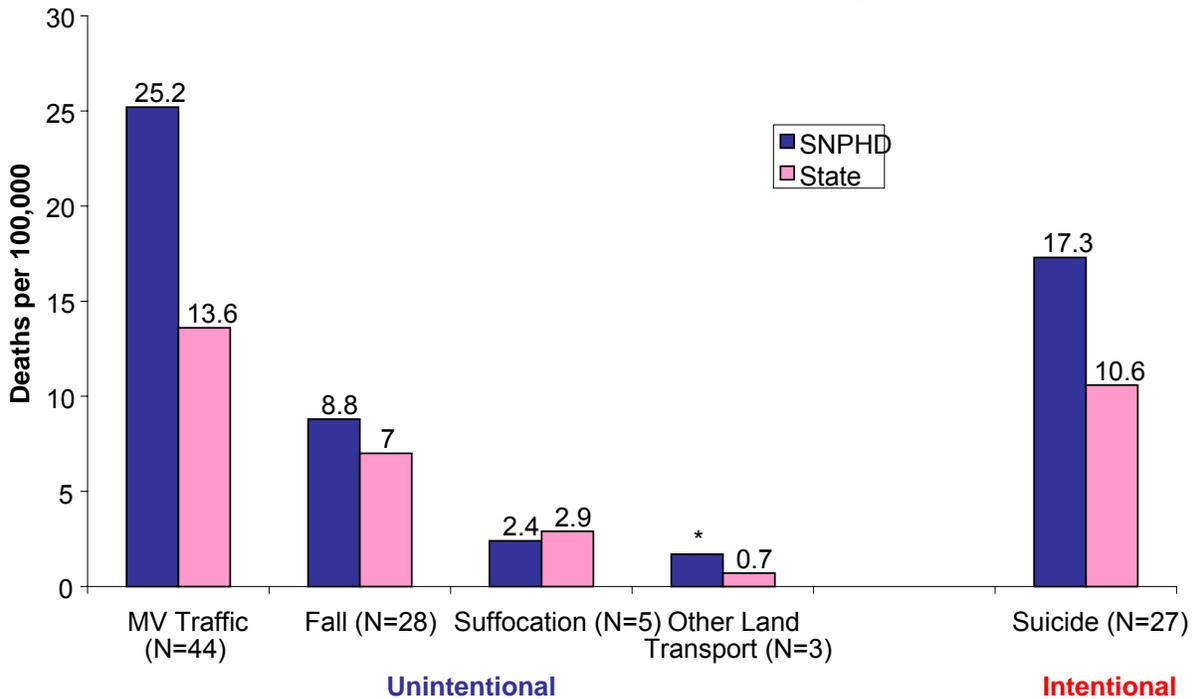
* Fewer than five deaths

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

Leading causes

- Motor vehicle crashes were the leading cause of injury death, with an age-adjusted rate of 25.2 per 100,000. The rate was higher than the Nebraska rate (13.6 per 100,000) (*Figure D3*).
- Suicide was the second leading cause of injury death. The age-adjusted death rate for suicide was higher than the Nebraska rate (17.3 and 10.6 per 100,000 respectively) (*Figure D3*).
- Falls were the third leading cause of injury death. The age-adjusted death rate due to falls was slightly higher than the Nebraska rate (8.8 and 7.0 per 100,000 respectively) (*Figure D3*).

Figure D3: Age-adjusted Injury Death Rates by Cause, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003



Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003
* Fewer than five deaths

Age

- Persons age 15-24 years (N=14) had the highest risk of motor vehicle crashes, making up 32% of total deaths (N=44) due to motor vehicle crashes (Table D5).

Table D5: Deaths Due to Motor Vehicle Crash by Age and Gender, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, 1999-2003

Age	Male		Female		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
5-14	1	4.2	4	20.0	5	11.4
15-24	7	29.2	7	35.0	14	31.8
35-44	2	8.3	3	15.0	5	11.4
45-54	7	29.2	2	10.0	9	20.5
55-64	4	16.7	0	0.0	4	9.1
65-74	2	8.3	1	5.0	3	6.8
75-84	0	0.0	1	5.0	1	2.3
85+	1	4.2	2	10.0	3	6.8
Total	24	100.0	20	100.0	44	100.0

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

- More than 60% of deaths due to fall injuries were among those age 85 years and older (Table D6).

**Table D6: Deaths Due to Fall by Age and Gender,
Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003**

Age	Male		Female		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
25-34	1	14.3	0	0.0	1	3.6
35-44	1	14.3	0	0.0	1	3.6
65-74	1	14.3	0	0.0	1	3.6
75-84	1	14.3	7	33.3	8	28.6
85+	3	42.9	14	66.7	17	60.7
Total	7	100.0	21	100.0	28	100.0

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

- Nearly 30 percent of suicide deaths were among persons age 25-34. (*Table D7*).

**Table D7: Deaths Due to Suicide by Age and Gender,
Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003**

Age	Male		Female		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
5-14	0	0.0	1	16.7	1	3.7
15-24	2	9.5	0	0.0	2	7.4
25-34	7	33.3	1	16.7	8	29.6
35-44	1	4.8	1	16.7	2	7.4
45-54	3	14.3	1	16.7	4	14.8
55-64	4	19.0	1	16.7	5	18.5
65-74	3	14.3	0	0.0	3	11.1
75-84	0	0.0	1	16.7	1	3.7
85+	1	4.8	0	0.0	1	3.7
Total	21	100.0	6	100.0	27	100.0

Source: DHHS Death Certificate Data 1999-2003

Gender

- More males (N=24) died from motor vehicle crashes than females (N=20) (*Table D5*).
- More females (N=21) died from fall injuries than males (N=7) (*Table D6*).
- More males (N=21) died from suicide than females (N=6) in the SNPHD coverage area (*Table D7*).

Hospital discharges

Overall

- The counties served by the SNPHD had a higher unintentional injury hospital discharge rate (8950 per 100,000), and suicide attempt rate (95 per 100,000), but lower homicide rate (137 per 100,000) when compared to Nebraska rates (7610, 75, and 204 per 100,000 respectively) (*Table H1*).

Table H1: Injury Hospital Discharges, Percentage, and Age-adjusted Rates, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003

Intent	Males			Females			Total			State		
	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate
Unintentional	8,155	97.7	10,030.0	7,258	97.4	7,915.0	15,413	97.6	8,949.7	665,407	95.9	7,609.6
Suicide	49	0.6	64.3	86	1.2	123.9	135	0.9	94.7	6,379	0.9	75.0
Homicide	121	1.4	159.9	79	1.1	114.7	200	1.3	136.8	17,720	2.6	203.9
Undetermined	23	0.3	28.7	25	0.3	28.7	48	0.3	28.7	4,181	0.6	48.3
Other	1	0.0	*				1	0.0	*	404	0.1	4.7
Total	8,349	100.0	10,284.0	7,448	100.0	8,182.2	15,797	100.0	9,210.5	694,091	100.0	7,941.5

Source: NE Hospital Discharge Data 1999-2003

Rates per 100,000 population are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population

* Fewer than five discharges

- More males (52%) were treated at a hospital for all injury-related causes than females (48%) (*Table D4*).

Leading causes

- Falls were the leading cause of injury hospital discharge for all age groups combined with an age-adjusted rate of 2,532 per 100,000. Falls were the leading cause of hospital discharges for the age groups 0-4, 5-9, and 25 to 85 years and older. The rate was relatively higher than the Nebraska rate (2,184 per 100,000) (*Table H2 & Figure H1*).
- Struck by/against was the second leading cause of injury hospital discharge for all age groups combined and the leading cause for persons age 10-24. The age-adjusted hospital discharge rate for struck by/against was higher than the Nebraska rate (1,446 and 1,132 per 100,000 respectively) (*Table H2 & Figure H1*).
- Cutting/piercing was the third leading cause of injury hospital discharge. The age-adjusted rate was higher than the Nebraska rate (906 and 690 per 100,000) (*Figure H1*).
- Overexertion (852 per 100,000) and motor vehicle crashes (495 per 100,000) were the 4th and 5th ranking causes of injury hospital discharge in the SNPHD area (*Figure H1*).

Table H2: Five Leading Causes of Hospital Discharges for Injury by Age, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003

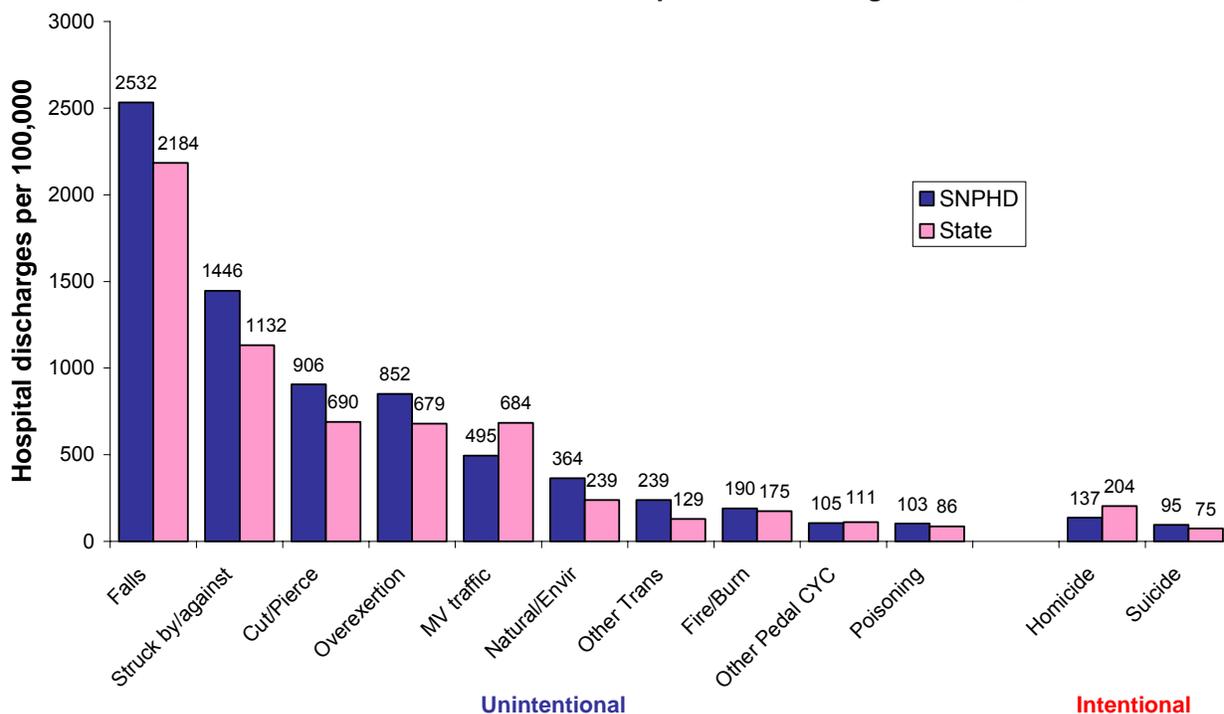
Rank	<1	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	84+	All Ages
1	Falls N=50	Falls N=326	Falls N=318	Struck by/against N=508	Struck by/against N=822	Falls N=189	Falls N=287	Falls N=310	Falls N=261	Falls N=589	Falls N=918	Falls N=933	Falls N=5,055
2	Fire/Burn N=16	Struck by/against N=132	Struck by/against N=177	Falls N=419	Falls N=455	Struck by/against N=156	Cut/Pierce N=157	Cut/Pierce N=146	Overexertion N=91	Cut/Pierce N=124	Struck by/against N=67	Struck by/against N=54	Struck by/against N=2,325
3	Struck by/against N=12	Cut/Pierce N=129	Cut/Pierce N=133	Overexertion N=173	Overexertion N=421	Overexertion N=156	Overexertion N=151	Overexertion N=125	Cut/Pierce N=74	Struck by/against N=99	Overexertion N=59	Cut/Pierce N=27	Cut/Pierce N=1,440
4	Poisoning N=6	Poisoning N=65	Other Pedal CYC N=59	Cut/Pierce N=142	MV traffic N=314	Cut/Pierce N=150	Struck by/against N=124	Struck by/against N=112	Struck by/against N=62	Overexertion N=85	Cut/Pierce N=55	Overexertion N=20	Overexertion N=1,341
5	Suffocation N=4	Natural/Envir N=50	Natural/Envir N=41	Other Pedal CYC N=65	Cut/Pierce N=301	MV traffic N=97	MV traffic N=88	MV traffic N=69	MV traffic N=52	Natural/Envir N=70	Natural/Envir N=50	Natural/Envir N=19	MV traffic N=778

Hospital visits includes visits as inpatient, ER and non-ER patient

Note: Causes coded as "other specified" and "unspecified" are excluded from this matrix

Source: NE Hospital Discharge Data, 1999-2003

Figure H1: Age-adjusted Hospital Discharge Rates by Cause, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003



Source: NE Hospital Discharge Data 1999-2003

Age

- Hospital discharge rates due to falls were the highest for persons age 85 and older. Females had almost twice the rate compared to males (9,026 vs. 5,263 per 100,000) (*Table H3*).
- Among children age 14 and under, the 1-4 year age group had a fall injury rate that was comparable to the Nebraska rate (4,376 vs. 4310) (*Table H3*).
- Persons age 15-24 years had the highest hospital discharge rate (3,775 per 100,000) for struck by/against, which was higher than the Nebraska rate (2,136 per 100,000). The rate was second highest for the 5-14 year age group at 3,012 per 100,000 (*Table H3*).
- Hospital discharge rates for overexertion (1,933 per 100,000) and motor vehicle crash injuries (1,442 per 100,000) were the highest for individuals in the 15-24 year age group (*Table H3*).
- Hospital discharge rates for cutting/piercing injuries were highest for the 1-4 year age group (1,732 per 100,000 population) in the SNPHD area (*Table H3*).

Gender

- Females had higher injury hospital discharge rates for falls than males (2,765 vs. 2,289 per 100,000) (*Table H3*).
- Males had higher injury hospital discharge rates for struck by/against and cutting/piercing than females (1,947 and 1,204 vs. 965 and 620 per 100,000) (*Table H3*).
- Female overexertion injury hospital discharge rates were higher than male rates (880 vs. 822 per 100,000) (*Table H3*).

Table H3: Five Leading Causes of Injury Hospital Discharges, Rates by Gender and Age, Southwest Nebraska Public Health Department Coverage Area, NE, 1999-2003

Cause	Age	Southwest HD									State		
		Male			Female			Total			Rate		
		N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate	N	%	Rate	Male	Female	Total
MV traffic	<1	1	0.3	*				1	0.1	*	128.9	121.4	125.2
MV traffic	1-4	5	1.3	129	4	1.1	*	9	1.2	120.8	251.0	229.3	240.4
MV traffic	5-14	37	9.3	322.9	26	6.9	230.4	63	8.1	277	400.0	436.0	417.6
MV traffic	15-24	175	43.8	1500.6	139	36.8	1374.2	314	40.4	1441.9	1444.2	1831.5	1633.7
MV traffic	25-34	49	12.3	661.5	48	12.7	650.7	97	12.5	656.1	855.6	993.0	923.2
MV traffic	35-44	47	11.8	411.3	41	10.8	359.4	88	11.3	385.4	607.3	708.3	657.6
MV traffic	45-54	32	8	263.3	37	9.8	310.4	69	8.9	286.6	476.5	523.1	499.9
MV traffic	55-64	24	6	286.2	28	7.4	322.2	52	6.7	304.5	346.5	441.2	394.9
MV traffic	65-74	19	4.8	258.6	24	6.3	284.9	43	5.5	272.7	327.3	382.2	357.1
MV traffic	75-84	8	2	158.3	19	5	263	27	3.5	219.9	402.4	393.8	397.3
MV traffic	85+	3	0.8	*	12	3.2	293.5	15	1.9	260.7	404.8	248.5	293.6
Total		400	100.0	507.7	378	100.0	482.0	778	100.0	495.0	629.3	737.3	684.0
Falls	<1										2298.5	2139.4	2220.8
Falls	1-4	183	9.3	4720.1	143	4.6	4003.4	326	6.4	4376.4	4871.2	3721.2	4309.7
Falls	5-14	378	19.1	3299	359	11.7	3180.9	737	14.6	3240.4	2855	2404.1	2634.8
Falls	15-24	255	12.9	2186.6	200	6.5	1977.3	455	9	2089.4	1570.9	1323.5	1449.9
Falls	25-34	76	3.9	1026.1	113	3.7	1531.8	189	3.7	1278.4	1048.4	1303.4	1173.8
Falls	35-44	137	6.9	1198.8	150	4.9	1314.9	287	5.7	1256.8	1084.2	1357.6	1220.2
Falls	45-54	122	6.2	1003.9	188	6.1	1576.9	310	6.1	1287.6	1116	1610.3	1364.2
Falls	55-64	106	5.4	1264	155	5	1783.5	261	5.2	1528.4	1337.7	1976.8	1664.3
Falls	65-74	189	9.6	2572.5	400	13	4748.9	589	11.7	3734.9	2151.5	3581	2926.8
Falls	75-84	266	13.5	5263.2	652	21.2	9025.5	918	18.2	7476.8	4355.2	7355	6138.2
Falls	85+	233	11.8	13986	700	22.7	17123	933	18.5	16215	10070	14640	13320
Total		1945	100.0	2289.2	3060	100.0	2764.7	5005	100.0	2532.0	2013.8	2349.3	2184.0
Cut/Pierce	<1	2	0.2	*	0		*	2	0.1	*	228.7	185.5	207.6
Cut/Pierce	1-4	81	8.5	2089.2	48	9.9	1343.8	129	9	1731.8	925.2	609.5	771.1
Cut/Pierce	5-14	172	18	1501.1	103	21.3	912.6	275	19.1	1209.1	1033.2	615.8	829.4
Cut/Pierce	15-24	219	22.9	1877.9	82	17	810.7	301	20.9	1382.2	1399.6	650.1	1032.9
Cut/Pierce	25-34	104	10.9	1404.1	46	9.5	623.6	150	10.4	1014.6	1138.4	596.8	872.2
Cut/Pierce	35-44	93	9.7	813.8	64	13.3	561	157	10.9	687.5	861.0	517.5	690.1
Cut/Pierce	45-54	93	9.7	765.2	53	11	444.6	146	10.1	606.4	650.7	401.2	525.4
Cut/Pierce	55-64	54	5.6	643.9	20	4.1	230.1	74	5.1	433.3	555.0	309.7	429.6
Cut/Pierce	65-74	88	9.2	1197.8	36	7.5	427.4	124	8.6	786.3	582.4	266.5	411.1
Cut/Pierce	75-84	34	3.6	672.7	21	4.3	290.7	55	3.8	448	448.3	214.8	309.5
Cut/Pierce	85+	17	1.8	1020.4	10	2.1	244.6	27	1.9	469.2	333.7	194.8	234.9
Total		957	100.0	1204.5	483	100.0	620.4	1440	100.0	906.0	893.0	492.5	689.8
Struck by/against	0-1	6	0.4	632.2	6	0.8	671.9	12	0.5	651.5	836	692.9	766.1
Struck by/against	1-4	86	5.5	2218.2	46	6	1287.8	132	5.7	1772	2812.4	1729.5	2283.7
Struck by/against	5-14	436	27.9	3805.2	249	32.5	2206.3	685	29.5	3011.8	2919.3	1521.6	2236.7
Struck by/against	15-24	647	41.5	5547.9	175	22.9	1730.1	822	35.4	3774.6	3069.3	1161.5	2135.8
Struck by/against	25-34	95	6.1	1282.6	61	8	826.9	156	6.7	1055.2	1212	676.9	948.9
Struck by/against	35-44	76	4.9	665	48	6.3	420.8	124	5.3	543	854.1	527.3	691.6
Struck by/against	45-54	61	3.9	501.9	51	6.7	427.8	112	4.8	465.2	574.9	385.7	479.9
Struck by/against	55-64	39	2.5	465.1	23	3	264.6	62	2.7	363.1	414.7	291.2	351.6
Struck by/against	65-74	66	4.2	898.3	33	4.3	391.8	99	4.3	627.8	415.7	292.7	349
Struck by/against	75-84	32	2.1	633.2	35	4.6	484.5	67	2.9	545.7	415.6	363.7	384.7
Struck by/against	85+	16	1	960.4	38	5	929.5	54	2.3	938.5	507.4	519.4	516
Total		1560	100.0	1947.4	765	100.0	964.9	2325	100.0	1446.0	1488.5	786.4	1132.3
Overexertion	<1	1	0.2	*	0		*	1	0.1	*	111.1	156.8	133.4
Overexertion	1-4	12	1.8	309.5	22	3.2	615.9	34	2.5	456.4	352.6	519.6	434.1
Overexertion	5-14	85	13	741.8	113	16.4	1001.2	198	14.8	870.6	537.1	610.3	572.9
Overexertion	15-24	230	35.2	1972.2	191	27.8	1888.3	421	31.4	1933.2	1317.5	1024.1	1173.9
Overexertion	25-34	75	11.5	1012.6	81	11.8	1098	156	11.6	1055.2	952.4	828.7	891.6
Overexertion	35-44	79	12.1	691.3	72	10.5	631.1	151	11.3	661.2	817.7	677.3	747.9
Overexertion	45-54	57	8.7	469	68	9.9	570.4	125	9.3	519.2	616.4	572.9	594.5
Overexertion	55-64	44	6.7	524.7	47	6.8	540.8	91	6.8	532.9	426.6	433.8	430.3
Overexertion	65-74	38	5.8	517.2	47	6.8	558	85	6.3	539	356.1	445.4	404.6
Overexertion	75-84	24	3.7	474.9	35	5.1	484.5	59	4.4	480.5	311.8	419.9	376.0
Overexertion	85+	8	1.2	480.2	12	1.7	293.5	20	1.5	347.6	236.9	387.2	343.8
Total		653	100.0	821.6	688	100.0	880.3	1341	100.0	852.0	705.5	635.6	679.2

Source: Hospital Discharge Data 1999-2003

Rates are per 100,000 per year

* Fewer than five discharges