

2009/2010 Nebraska Young Adult Alcohol Opinion Survey Sub-State Indicator Tables by Stratified Region

Panhandle Prevention Coalition

*covers Banner, Box Butte, Cheyenne, Dawes, Deuel, Garden,
Kimball, Morrill, Scotts Bluff, Sheridan, and Sioux counties*

The Panhandle Prevention Coalition is one of eight SPF SIG grant recipients targeting reducing binge drinking among 18-25 year olds.

For more information regarding the Young Adult Alcohol Opinion Survey, including the final state report and survey documentation, please visit
www.dhhs.ne.gov/puh/oph/saprev.htm



Panhandle Prevention Coalition: 2009/2010 Nebraska Young Adult Alcohol Opinion Survey Summary Table

covers Banner, Box Butte, Cheyenne, Dawes, Deuel, Garden, Kimball, Morrill, Scotts Bluff, Sheridan, and Sioux counties

Indicators Overall and by Gender

Indicators	Overall			Male			Female		
	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. ^c Low - High	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. ^c Low - High	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. ^c Low - High
Alcohol Use									
1. Lifetime Alcohol Use	286	92.5%	(88.5 - 95.3)	124	88.4%	(81.2 - 93.1)	162	96.7%	(92.0 - 98.7)
2. Past Month Alcohol Use	285	72.2%	(66.5 - 77.2)	123	78.0%	(69.5 - 84.7)	162	66.4%	(58.6 - 73.4)
3. Past Month Binge Drinking	279	46.3%	(40.3 - 52.4)	120	52.2%	(43.1 - 61.2)	159	40.4%	(32.8 - 48.5)
4. Past Month Binge Drinking, Among Past Month Alcohol Users	197	64.7%	(57.6 - 71.2)	94	67.6%	(57.3 - 76.4)	103	61.3%	(51.3 - 70.4)
5. Binge Drank More than Once in the Past Month	279	29.5%	(24.2 - 35.4)	120	33.3%	(25.3 - 42.4)	159	25.8%	(19.4 - 33.4)
Alcohol Impaired Driving									
1. Past Month Driving after Binge Drinking	283	8.2%	(5.3 - 12.4)	122	11.9%	(7.0 - 19.4)	161	4.4%	(2.1 - 9.2)
2. Past Year Alcohol Impaired Driving	283	33.0%	(27.6 - 39.0)	122	40.0%	(31.5 - 49.2)	161	26.1%	(19.7 - 33.8)
Perception of Risk									
1. Perceive Great Risk from Binge Drinking	268	28.6%	(23.3 - 34.4)	119	23.5%	(16.6 - 32.1)	149	33.9%	(26.6 - 42.2)
Social Norms Regarding Alcohol Use									
1. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 18 to 20 years old to have one or two drinks	275	48.5%	(42.4 - 54.6)	118	44.1%	(35.3 - 53.4)	157	52.8%	(44.7 - 60.7)
2. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to have one or two drinks	275	2.5%	(1.1 - 5.2)	117	3.8%	(1.6 - 9.1)	158	1.1%	(0.3 - 4.4)
3. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 18 to 20 years old to get drunk	275	76.6%	(71.0 - 81.5)	118	70.2%	(61.1 - 78.0)	157	82.9%	(76.0 - 88.2)
4. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to get drunk	275	24.3%	(19.4 - 29.9)	118	26.3%	(19.0 - 35.2)	157	22.3%	(16.4 - 29.5)
Attitudes and Perceptions related to Providing Alcohol to Minors									
1. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to provide alcohol for people under 21 years old	274	83.4%	(78.2 - 87.5)	117	83.3%	(75.0 - 89.2)	157	83.5%	(76.4 - 88.8)
2. Likely that police will arrest an adult who is believed to have provided alcohol for persons under 21	242	67.0%	(60.6 - 72.8)	108	68.9%	(59.4 - 77.0)	134	65.0%	(56.2 - 72.9)

Indicators	Overall			Male			Female		
	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi
Attitudes, Perceptions, and Behaviors related to Alcohol Service and Sales									
1. Support for Responsible Beverage Service Training	285	92.7%	(88.8 - 95.3)	123	90.8%	(84.0 - 94.9)	162	94.5%	(89.6 - 97.2)
2. Likely that a drunken adult would be sold an alcoholic beverage at a local bar or restaurant	251	92.9%	(88.8 - 95.6)	115	93.6%	(87.0 - 97.0)	136	92.1%	(85.9 - 95.7)
3. Likely that a drunken adult would be sold an alcoholic beverage at a local convenience store	245	86.0%	(80.8 - 89.9)	114	83.5%	(75.4 - 89.4)	131	88.9%	(82.1 - 93.3)
4. ID was not checked at last purchase attempt, among those who bought or tried to buy alcohol in the past 30 days and did not believe the person selling them the alcohol personally knew if they were old enough to buy	80	19.5%	(12.0 - 30.2)	33	22.6%	(11.1 - 40.4)	47	16.4%	(8.4 - 29.8)

Attitudes and Perceptions related to Alcohol Enforcement

1. Support for increased patrolling of DUI	285	62.3%	(56.3 - 68.0)	123	50.8%	(41.8 - 59.7)	162	73.8%	(66.4 - 80.0)
2. Support for maximum punishment for DUI offenses	285	51.0%	(45.0 - 57.0)	123	45.6%	(36.9 - 54.7)	162	56.4%	(48.4 - 64.0)
3. Likely that someone would be stopped by the police and arrested for driving under the influence of alcohol	258	85.6%	(80.5 - 89.5)	116	90.2%	(83.4 - 94.5)	142	80.5%	(72.5 - 86.6)
4. Likely that police will break up parties where minors are drinking	248	75.2%	(69.3 - 80.3)	113	75.5%	(66.6 - 82.7)	135	74.9%	(66.7 - 81.7)

^aUnweighted sample size (i.e. number of survey respondents)

^bPercentage weighted by gender, age, and region

^c95% confidence interval for the weighted percentage

^dInsufficient sample (< 20) to calculate a reliable estimate

Indicators by Age Category

Indicators	19-20 year olds			21-22 year olds			23-25 year olds		
	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi
Alcohol Use									
1. Lifetime Alcohol Use	89	86.1%	(76.3 - 92.2)	89	93.9%	(86.0 - 97.5)	108	97.4%	(91.8 - 99.2)
2. Past Month Alcohol Use	88	59.9%	(48.8 - 70.0)	89	77.4%	(67.6 - 84.9)	108	79.3%	(70.8 - 85.8)
3. Past Month Binge Drinking	86	44.5%	(34.0 - 55.6)	88	48.7%	(38.3 - 59.3)	105	45.9%	(36.3 - 55.8)
4. Past Month Binge Drinking, Among Past Month Alcohol Users	51	76.0%	(62.1 - 86.0)	67	63.1%	(50.7 - 74.0)	79	58.3%	(46.9 - 68.9)
5. Binge Drank More than Once in the Past Month	86	27.1%	(18.4 - 37.9)	88	29.7%	(20.9 - 40.2)	105	31.5%	(22.9 - 41.5)
Alcohol Impaired Driving									
1. Past Month Driving after Binge Drinking	88	6.4%	(2.6 - 14.8)	88	6.1%	(2.5 - 14.0)	107	11.3%	(6.1 - 19.8)
2. Past Year Alcohol Impaired Driving	88	31.1%	(22.0 - 42.0)	87	25.5%	(17.4 - 35.7)	108	40.4%	(31.2 - 50.4)
Perception of Risk									
1. Perceive Great Risk from Binge Drinking	82	26.7%	(17.9 - 37.8)	82	33.1%	(23.6 - 44.1)	104	26.9%	(19.2 - 36.4)
Social Norms Regarding Alcohol Use									
1. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 18 to 20 years old to have one or two drinks	83	30.6%	(21.2 - 41.9)	87	52.6%	(42.0 - 63.0)	105	60.8%	(50.8 - 70.0)
2. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to have one or two drinks	84	1.0%	(0.1 - 7.0)	87	2.0%	(0.5 - 7.8)	104	4.0%	(1.5 - 10.6)
3. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 18 to 20 years old to get drunk	83	67.4%	(56.3 - 76.9)	87	81.4%	(71.3 - 88.5)	105	80.9%	(71.6 - 87.7)
4. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to get drunk	84	17.2%	(10.3 - 27.4)	87	24.1%	(16.1 - 34.6)	104	30.6%	(22.4 - 40.4)
Attitudes and Perceptions related to Providing Alcohol to Minors									
1. Wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to provide alcohol for people under 21 years old	83	69.3%	(58.0 - 78.6)	87	91.6%	(84.0 - 95.8)	104	89.4%	(81.5 - 94.2)
2. Likely that police will arrest an adult who is believed to have provided alcohol for persons under 21	76	60.4%	(48.6 - 71.1)	76	69.3%	(58.0 - 78.7)	90	71.3%	(60.6 - 80.1)

Indicators	19-20 year olds			21-22 year olds			23-25 year olds		
	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi	Sample Size (n) ^a	Weighted % ^b	95% C.I. Low - Hi
Attitudes, Perceptions, and Behaviors related to Alcohol Service and Sales									
1. Support for Responsible Beverage Service Training	89	89.5%	(80.7 - 94.6)	89	95.6%	(88.7 - 98.4)	107	93.3%	(86.4 - 96.8)
2. Likely that a drunken adult would be sold an alcoholic beverage at a local bar or restaurant	73	87.5%	(76.7 - 93.7)	81	95.2%	(87.6 - 98.2)	97	95.7%	(90.6 - 98.1)
3. Likely that a drunken adult would be sold an alcoholic beverage at a local convenience store	74	89.9%	(79.9 - 95.2)	79	84.1%	(74.4 - 90.7)	92	84.1%	(74.5 - 90.5)
4. ID was not checked at last purchase attempt, among those who bought or tried to buy alcohol in the past 30 days and did not believe the person selling them the alcohol personally knew if they were old enough to buy	8	— [^]	— [^] - — [^]	30	6.1%	(1.5 - 21.8)	42	23.3%	(12.4 - 39.3)
Attitudes and Perceptions related to Alcohol Enforcement									
1. Support for increased patrolling of DUI	89	61.6%	(50.6 - 71.5)	89	62.5%	(51.9 - 72.0)	107	62.8%	(52.8 - 71.8)
2. Support for maximum punishment for DUI offenses	89	52.0%	(41.3 - 62.6)	89	49.8%	(39.4 - 60.2)	107	51.1%	(41.3 - 60.7)
3. Likely that someone would be stopped by the police and arrested for driving under the influence of alcohol	82	79.7%	(69.0 - 87.4)	78	87.4%	(77.9 - 93.2)	98	89.5%	(81.7 - 94.2)
4. Likely that police will break up parties where minors are drinking	79	76.3%	(65.5 - 84.5)	77	76.3%	(65.2 - 84.6)	92	73.4%	(63.1 - 81.7)

^aUnweighted sample size (i.e. number of survey respondents)

^bPercentage weighted by gender, age, and region

^c95% confidence interval for the weighted percentage

[^]Insufficient sample (< 20) to calculate a reliable estimate

Indicator Definitions

Alcohol Use

1. Percentage who reported that they have ever consumed alcohol (more than a few sips) during their lifetime
2. Percentage who reported having at least one alcoholic beverage during the 30 days preceding the survey
3. Percentage who reported having five or more drinks for men/four or more drinks for women within a couple of hours on one or more of the 30 days preceding the survey
4. Among past month alcohol users, the percentage who reported having five or more drinks for men/four or more drinks for women within a couple of hours on one or more of the 30 days preceding the survey
5. Percentage who reported binge drinking on two or more of the 30 days preceding the survey

Alcohol Impaired Driving

1. Percentage who reported that they drove shortly after consuming five drinks of alcohol within a couple of hours during the 30 days preceding the survey
2. Percentage who reported that they drove a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol during the 12 months preceding the survey

Perception of Risk related to Binge Drinking

1. Percentage who reported that people put themselves at great risk physically or in other ways when they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage once or twice a week

Social Norms Regarding Alcohol Use

1. Percentage who reported that it is wrong or very wrong for individuals 18 to 20 years old to have one or two drinks
2. Percentage who reported that it is wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to have one or two drinks
3. Percentage who reported that it is wrong or very wrong for individuals 18 to 20 years old to get drunk
4. Percentage who reported that it is wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to get drunk

Attitudes and Perceptions related to Providing Alcohol to Minors

1. Percentage who reported that it is wrong or very wrong for individuals 21 and older to provide alcohol for people under 21 years old
2. Percentage who reported that police are somewhat likely or very likely to arrest an adult who is believed to have provided alcohol for persons under 21

Attitudes, Perceptions, and Experiences related to Alcohol Service and Sales

1. Percentage who agree or strongly agree that bartenders and wait staff who work in restaurants and bars should be taught how to serve alcohol responsibly (not serving minors or drunken customers)
2. Percentage who reported that it is somewhat likely or very likely that that a drunken adult, 21 years of age or older, would be served a drink of alcohol if they asked for one in a local bar or
3. Percentage who reported that it is somewhat likely or very likely that that a drunken adult, 21 years of age or older, would be sold an alcoholic beverage if they tried to buy it in a local convenience store
4. Percentage who reported that their ID was not checked the last time they bought or tried to buy alcohol during the 30 days preceding the survey, among those who did not believe that the person selling them the alcohol personally knew if they were old enough to buy

Attitudes and Perceptions related to Alcohol Enforcement

1. Percentage who agree or strongly agree that more police officers should patrol for driving under the influence of alcohol (e.g., DUI)
2. Percentage who agree or strongly agree that someone caught driving under the influence of alcohol should be arrested and receive the maximum sentence
3. Percentage who reported that it is somewhat likely or very likely that someone would be stopped by the police and arrested for driving under the influence of alcohol
4. Percentage who reported that police are somewhat likely or very likely to break up parties where persons under age 21 are drinking