Department of Health and Human Services 2020 Chlamydia and Gonorrhea Fact Sheet

March 2022

NEBRASKA Good Life. Great Mission.

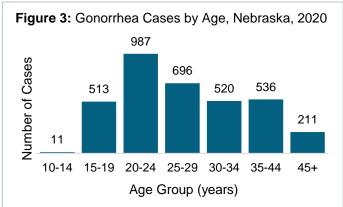
GONORRHEA

Nebraska 2020

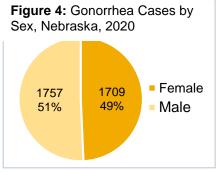
In Nebraska in 2020, there were 3476 total cases of gonorrhea, 3 of which were antibiotic resistant. The data below describe all cases of gonorrhea.

By Age:

Gonorrhea was present all age groups, but was highest among 20-24 year olds (Figure 3).



By Sex:



Overall, the number of gonorrhea cases were similar among males and females (Figure 4). When broken down by age, more female cases were

reported than male cases in age groups younger than 25 years. When looking at age groups 25 years and older, more male cases were reported than female cases.

By Race/Ethnicity:

When broken down by race, Whites made up 41% of all cases (1284) and Blacks made up 38% (1167). Blacks are disproportionally impacted by gonorrhea compared to census data. Hispanics made up 10% of cases (306).

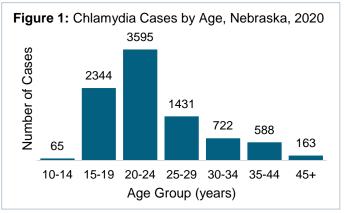
CHLAMYDIA

Nebraska 2020:

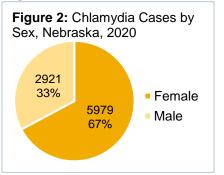
In 2020, there were 8919 total cases of chlamydia reported in Nebraska. This was the most common sexually transmitted infection (STI).

By Age:

Majority of chlamydia cases were in individuals under the age of 25 (Figure 1).



By Sex:



Overall, females accounted for twice as many chlamydia cases compared to males (Figure 2). When broken down by age, more female cases were

reported than males in every age group, except those older than 45 years. The largest difference between female and male cases occurred in age groups less than 25 years.

By Race/Ethnicity:

When broken down by race, Whites made up half of all cases (3792). Blacks made up 25% of the cases (1851), and Hispanics 16% (1187). Compared to census data, chlamydia disproportionally impacts Black and Hispanic populations.