

Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services Latent Tuberculosis Checklist

Formulary: Isoniazid (INH), Rifampin, and Vitamin B6 will be available. 3 month Isoniazid and Rifapentine are not covered. See guidelines at https://www.cdc.gov/tb/topic/treatment/ltbi.htm.

Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), 25–50 mg/day, is recommended with INH to all persons at risk of neuropathy (e.g., pregnant women; breastfeeding infants; persons with HIV; patients with diabetes, alcoholism, malnutrition, or chronic renal failure; patients with advanced age; or contact program for certain requests).

Demographics						
First Name:	Last Name:		Date of Birth:			
Street Address:	City:	State:	Zip Code:	Phone Number:		
Race: American Indian Asian Black/African American Native Hawaiian/Pacific Isla	☐ White ☐ Refused		Ethnicity: ☐ Hispanic or Latino ☐ Not Hispanic or Latino ☐ Refused			
Gender: ☐ Male ☐ Female	Pregnancy Status ☐ Pregnant ☐ Not Pregnant ☐ N/A): 	Country of Birth:			
Drug Allergies: ☐ Yes ☐ No Specify:	Language: □ English □ Spanish □ Other					
Current Prescriptions/ Non-Prescription Drugs: ☐ Yes ☐ No List:	Insurance: ☐ Pharmaceutical Insurance Coverage ☐ Underinsured (no pharmacy coverage) ☐ Health Savings Account (HSA)					
Testing Information						
Tuberculin Skin Test (TST): ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not Performed ☐ Documented Prior Positive	Date Test Perforn	ned:	Induration in mm:			
IGRA: ☐ Positive ☐ Negative ☐ Not Performed ☐ Documented Prior Positive	Date Test Perforn	ned:	Test Value:			
Chest X-ray: Date Performed: ☐ Normal ☐ Abnormal, but not consistent with active TB ☐ Abnormal, consistent with active TB If yes, has active TB been ruled out? ☐ Yes ☐ No			To prevent drug-resistent TB, LTBI treatment must not be started until active TB disease is ruled out.			

The standard of care requires CXR's to be performed within 6 months of treatment initiation and within 3 months for high risk patients such as young children, a contact to an Active TB case, new convertor, immunocompromised, prior abnormal CXR or other risk factors.

- If patient has insurance or Medicaid, please bill that entity. DHHS will not be paying for LTBI medication for patients that have insurance or Medicaid.
- Only 3 month supply (duration) provided per medication order.

Street Address: City: State: Zip Code: Pho Pharmacy Information Pharmacy Name: Date Sent to Pharmacy (DHHS staff to fill i	hone Number				
Pharmacy Name: Date Sent to Pharmacy (DHHS staff to fill i	l in):				
Pharmacy Name: Date Sent to Pharmacy (DHHS staff to fill i	l in):				
	l in):				
Pharmacy Address:					
Pharmacy Fax:					
Medication Request					
Month # Treatment:					
MedicationDose/mgFrequencyDuration					
Isoniazid					
B6*					
Rifampin					
Weight: Weight required for patients that are being dosed at less than the maxing the control of the control o	Weight required for patients that are being dosed at less than the maximum per CDC guidelines.				
*The CDC treatment guidelines state Vitamin B6 is clinically indicated while taking INH to prevent peripheral neurophathy in some patients.					
□ Diabetes □ Malnutrition □ Seizure Disorder □ Renal Failure/A □ Pregnancy □ Breastfeeding □ HIV	:/Alcoholism				
Provider Name/Credentials:					
Provider Address: Provider Phone Number:	Provider Phone Number:				
Provider Signature:					
Date Latent Tuberculosis Infection Checklist Filled Out:					

Prescribing provider will monitor the patient for adverse drug effects, signs/symptoms of active TB and adherence.

Questions:

Nebraska TB Program Manager Phone: 402-471-6441

Nebraska Hepatitis Coordinator/TB Backup Phone: 402-471-8252

Nebraska TB Program Fax: 402-742-8359

Reference: MMWR, June, 9, 2000/49(RR06, 1-54). Targeted Tuberculin Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection